

THE EVENING BULLETIN.

VOLUME IX.

MAYSVILLE, KY., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1890.

NUMBER 303.



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cures the system effectively, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities command it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

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LOUISVILLE, KY.

NEW YORK, N.Y.

ALLEN G. THURMAN.

Fitting Celebration of the Old Roman's 77th Birthday.

GRAND BANQUET AT COLUMBUS.

The Most Elaborate, Beyond Any Doubt, Ever Held in the Buckeye State—Great Gathering of the Leaders of the Democracy of the Country—Speech of Ex-President Cleveland.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 14.—Yesterday marked the seventy-seventh anniversary of the birthday of Allen G. Thurman, the "Old Roman" of Ohio Democracy, and the Democrats of the nation made the occasion one to do homage to their distinguished member. From early morning every incoming train brought to the city a contingent of prominent Democrats from abroad, and all day Judge Thurman was the recipient of congratulatory calls. Ex-President Cleveland came in on an early train, and at once proceeded to the executive mansion. An hour later United States Senator Calvin S. Brice arrived at the mansion and the ex-president and himself made an early forenoon call on the distinguished Ohioan.



ALLAN G. THURMAN

The sunshine of the pleasant autumn seemed to add vigor to the frame of the "Old Roman," who, as he shook the hand of Cleveland so warmly extended in congratulation, assured his caller that he had not felt so well for many months, and that he hoped still to weather a few more years. "But," said he, "I have lived long enough to find myself more than appreciated by the many kind friends who have remembered me on this day, and no years could add to the warmth of congratulations which they have showered upon me."

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhea, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep natural. Castoria contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

Children Cry

for PITCHER'S

CASTORIA

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1027 2d Ave., New York.

"From personal knowledge I can say that Castoria is a most excellent medicine for children." DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhea, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep natural. Castoria contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

LADIES,

Allow us to remind you that the time for Fruit and Black Jacks is now at hand, and before buying compare our prices and goods and see if we don't save you money.

1 pound best new layer Raisins..... 15c
1 pound fine new Raisins (stemless)..... 10c
2 pounds new Currais..... 15c
1 pound best Leigh in Currais..... 25c
1 pound best seedless Raisins..... 20c
1 pound best new "Mounds only"..... 20c
3 pounds best new Dates..... 25c
3 pounds new Figs only..... 25c
1 pound best Macarons, imported or Amer- 25c
ican..... 10c
Imported Peas, small and fine, per can..... 15c
1 dozen sweet Fland Grapes only..... 30c
3 pounds finest Malaga Grapes..... 50c
2 pounds new Minas Meat..... 25c
Just arrived—new Beans, Hominy, Corn, Peas, Oatmeal and Cranberries.

HILL & CO.

DIAMONDS

\$50,000 worth of UNDEEMED Diamonds in all styles, also an immense stock of UNDEEMED GOLD WATCHES and JEWELRY at 30% LESS than any other house in the city. Call and examine before buying elsewhere, at ELLIOT BRAHAMS, Loan Office, 56 Fountain Square, Cincinnati, O.

MANY A MAN
will get well if he needs, or die if he ignores, our warning. **Methods Exclusive; Success Unique.** Thousands restored by Home Treatment. Guaranteed to be mailed free for a limited time. Its Advice is Vital. All Weaknesses and Diseases of Men treated and cured. Address to-day, ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

MELTS TOO SOON.

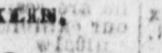
L. W. GALBRAITH.

Attorney and Counselor at Law

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Atlanta, Ga. Office 104½ Whitehall St.

Silence having been restored, he spoke as follows:

I am not here to-night to make an elaborate speech. I am here to express in a few sentences my heartfelt appreciation of the honor you have so kindly seen fit to do me; to thank you my whole soul my neighbors, fellow-citizens of Ohio, and the distinguished gentlemen of other states for their mark of friendship and esteem. I am here, at the age of 77, to repeat my testimony, so often given of my confidence in the beneficial effects of free institutions and my firm belief of their duration on this continent and their gradual, but certain, extension over other and larger portions of the globe. I hope that it is not presumptuous in me to say that I think that I have some of the necessary qualifications of a witness on this subject.

short as my life has been, in comparison

with the lives of nations, it has been long enough for me to see my native land, under free institutions, increase in population more than sevenfold, in wealth in a far, very far, greater degree, in extent of territory more than double its area, in the general well being and prosperity of its people and in their educational advantages and religious privileges without a rival in the world; while its magnificent works of internal improvements, its wonderful agriculture, the great mines and manufactures, and its marvelous means of communication, the creations of science and skill, surpass anything before known by the human race. And in these same seventy-seven years the constitution of nearly every government in Europe has been ameliorated by the introduction of more liberal principles. Central and South America have become a congress of republics; Canada and Australia are substantially republics without the name, and even in far east oriental Japan becomes more free and liberal with every revolving year. And more marvelous yet, light seems to be breaking over benighted Africa and men of a sanguine and a philosophic disposition are predicting with exciting ridicule her redemption from her barbaric sleep of centuries. In a word, freedom seems to be gradually circumnavigating the globe, and, proud thought for us, the polar star of the navigator is our own republic of the United States.

What I have said may seem to some like extravagant optimism—if so, I have always preferred optimism to pessimism and common sense to both, and that I don't think that in what I have said I have departed from the teachings of my guide.

My friends, it is seventy-one years since, at 6 years of age, I became a citizen of Ohio and I have been one of her citizens from that day to this; and will no doubt remain one of her people until I shall be laid in my final resting place on earth under her sod. It would be the performance of a grateful duty on my part, to speak of the uniform kindness that I have received, from boyhood to old age, from the people of this state, of the honors they have conferred upon me beyond my deserts, of the numerous and dear friends I have made and whose attachment can never be forgotten for a moment or remembered without emotion, of the distinguished men of Ohio whom I have seen and with many of whom I was intimately acquainted, and of the just pride with which I have witnessed the wonderful growth of the state until her name is known and commands respect throughout the whole civilized world. But Ohio is the theme upon which you will hear from your distinguished governor and no one is better qualified to do justice to it than he. I shall therefore confine myself to a few personal reminiscences, which if they serve no other purpose will prove to you that it is an old, old, man whom you honor so highly to-night.

The speaker went on to say that he had seen and talked with the first governor of the state, Edward Tiffin, that he had known its first United States senator, Thomas Worthington, that he had been private secretary to Governor Lucas; had seen and spoken to Gen. William Henry Harrison, and had been intimately acquainted with many other illustrious Ohioans now dead and gone. He paid an eloquent tribute to Rufus P. Ranney, the venerable and eloquent lawyer, and concluded his response in these words:

Before I conclude, there is one statement that I feel it my duty to make. In one of our town papers, a few days ago, I saw my name suggested as that of a proper candidate for the presidency or vice presidency in 1892. I regretted very much to see the suggestion, for appearing in a paper known to be very friendly to me and published in the place of my residence, it might naturally be suspected by strangers that it was inspired, or at least approved, by me. But such was not the fact. I had no idea that such a suggestion would be made until I saw it in this paper. My friends, let me say to you in all sincerity and without the least mental reservation that I am not nor shall I ever again be a candidate for office. I have been sufficiently honored by my party and neither ask or desire any further honor than continued friendship and good will. Gentlemen, I have said enough; more, indeed, than I expected to say. Once more let me return you my sincerest thanks. You have gladdened the heart and brightened the footsteps of an old man, your devoted friend, in his descent of the hill of life when he has almost reached its foot. May God bless you all is his earnest prayer."

The stillness which for a couple of moments followed his declaration that he would never again be a candidate for office was intense. It seemed as though everyone of the 1,000 or more upon whom the words had fallen felt that he had lost a friend. Then, as with trembling tones, the speaker went on to say that he felt that he had been sufficiently honored by his party, there was a reversion of feeling; the vast audience could no longer restrain itself; every man arose to his feet, napkins were waved and there went forth cheer after cheer which might have been heard like the reverberation of cannon for blocks away. And amid the enthusiasm the statesman, who had practically said good-bye, sank into his seat.

The announcement of the next toast "Citizenship in America," and the presentation of ex-President Cleveland to respond, was the signal for another outburst of enthusiasm.

Mr. President and Gentleman:

I follow the promptings of a heart full of devotion and veneration, as I tender from the Democracy of the great state of New York, her tribute of affection for the man whom we honor to-night. I am commissioned to claim for my state her full share of the glory which has been shed upon the American name and character, by one whose career and example has been pre-empted and whose renown cannot be limited in ownership to the neighbors and friends of any locality. We contest every exclusive pretension to his fame and greatness, because he is a neighbor to all the people of the land; because he is the friend



GROVER CLEVELAND.

of all who love their country; because his career splendidly illustrates the best and strongest elements of our National character, and because his example belongs to all his countrymen.

It is fitting that those who have faith in our destiny as a nation, who believe that there are noble things which belong distinctively to our character as a people and who prize at its true worth pure American citizenship, should gather here to-night.

It is given us to contemplate the highest statesmanship, the most unyielding and disinterested devotion to the interests of the people, and the most valuable achievements in the cause of our country's welfare, all of which have been stimulated and accomplished through the influence and impulse of true, unperverted, sturdy Americanism. We rejoice in the example afforded on this occasion of genuine American citizenship, revealed to us a safe and infallible interpreter of duty in all the emergencies of a long and honorable public career, and as an unfailing guide to usefulness and fame.

In this presence and in the atmosphere of these reflections, we should not miss the lesson they command to us, nor fail to renew our appreciation of the value of this citizenship, and revive our apprehension of the sentiments and conditions in which it has its rise and growth.

And first of all we should be profoundly grateful that the elements which make up the strength and vigor of American citizenship, are so naturally related to our situation and are so simple. The intrigues of monarchy which taint the individual character of the subject; the splendor which dazzles the popular eye and distracts the attention from abuses and stifies discontent; the schemes of conquest and selfish aggrandizement which make a selfish people, have no legitimate place in our national life. Here the plain people of the land are the rulers. Their investiture of power is only accompanied with the conditions that they should love their country, that they should jealously guard and protect its interests and their fame, and that all the intelligence with which they are endowed should be devoted to an understanding of its needs and the promotion of its welfare.

These are the elements of American citizenship, and these are the conditions upon which our free institutions were entrusted to our people, in full reliance, at the beginning and for all time to come, upon American manhood, consecrated by the highest and purest patriotism.

A country broad and new, to be subdued to the purpose of man's existence, and promising vast and independent resources and a people intelligently understanding the value of a free nation and holding fast to an intense affection for its history and heroes, have had much to do with moulding our American character and giving it hardihood and vigor. But it should never be forgotten that the influence which, more than all other things, has made our people safe depositaries of governmental power, and which has furnished the surest guaranty of the strength and perpetuity of the republic, has its source in the American home. Here our patriotism is born and entwines itself with the growth of filial love, and here our children are taught the story of our freedom and independence. But above all, here in the bracing and wholesome atmosphere of uncomplaining frugality and economy, the mental and moral attributes of our people have been firmly knit and invigorated. Never could it be said of any country so truly as ours, that the permanency of its institutions depends upon its welfare.

I have spoken of frugality and economy as important factors in American life. I find no fault with the accumulation of wealth, and am glad to see energy and enterprise receive their fair reward. But I believe that our government in its natural integrity, is exactly suited to a frugal and economical people; and I believe it is safest in the hands of those who have been made strong and self-reliant in their citizenship, by self-denial and by the surroundings of an enforced economy. Thrift and careful watchfulness of expenditure among the people tend to secure a thrifty government; and cheap and careful living on the part of individuals ought to enforce economy in the public expenditures.

When, therefore, men in high places of trust, charged with the responsibility of making and executing our laws, not only condemn but flippantly deride cheapness and economy within the homes of our people, and when the expenditures of the government are reckless and wasteful, we may be sure that something is wrong with us, and that a condition exists which calls for a vigorous and resentful defense of Americanism, by every man worthy to be called an American citizen.

Upon the question of cheapness and economy, whether it relates to individuals or to the operations of the government, the Democratic party, true to its creed and its traditions, will unalterably remain attached to our plain and frugal people. They are especially entitled to the watchful care and protection of their government; and when they are borne down with burdens greater than they can bear, and are made the objects of scorn by hard taskmasters, we will not leave their side. As the great German reformer, insisting upon his religious convictions, in the presence of his accusers exclaimed, "I can do nought else." Here I stand. God help me," so, however much others may mock and derive cheapness and the poor and frugal men and women of our land, we will stand forth in defense of their simple Americanism, defiantly proclaiming, "We can do nought else. Here we stand."

Thus when the question is raised whether our people shall have the necessities of life at a cheaper rate, we are not ashamed to confess ourselves "in full sympathy with the demand for cheaper coats;" and we are not disturbed by the hint that this seems "necessarily to involve a cheaper man or woman under the coats."

When the promoter of a party measure which invades every home in the land with higher prices, declares that "cheap and nasty go together and this whole system of cheap things is a badge of poverty; for cheap merchandise means cheap men, and cheap men mean a cheap country," we indignantly repudiate such an interpretation of American sentiment.

And when another one, high in party councils, who has become notorious as the advocate of a contrivance to perpetuate partisan supremacy by outrageous interference with the suffrage, announces that "the cry for cheapness is un-American;" we scowlingly reply that his speech does not indicate the slightest conception of true Americanism.

I will not refer to other utterances of like import from similar sources. I content myself with recalling the most prominent and significant. The wonder is that these things were addressed by Americans to Americans.

What was the occasion of these condemnations of cheapness and what had honest American men and women done, or what were they likely to do that they should be threatened with the epithets "cheap," "nasty" and "un-American?"

It is hard to speak patiently as we answer these questions. Step by step a vast number of our people had been led on, following blindly in the path of party. They had been filled with hate and sectional prejudice; they had been cajoled with misrepresentations and false promises; they had been corrupted by money and by appeals to their selfishness. All these things led up to their final betrayal to satisfy the demands of those who supplied the fund for their corruption.

This betrayal was palpable; and it was impossible to deny or conceal the fact that the pretended relief tendered to the people in fulfilment of a promise to lighten the burdens of their life, made by the party entrusted with the government, was but a scheme to pay the debts incurred by the purchase of party success, while it further increased the impoverishment of the masses.

The people were at last aroused and demanded an explanation. They had been taught for 100 years that in the distribution of benefits their government should be administered with equality and justice. They had learned that wealth was not indispensable to respectability, and that it did not entitle its possessors to especial governmental favors. Humble men with scanty incomes had been encouraged by the influence and the spirit of our institutions, to practice economy and frugality to the utmost the rewards of their toil. The influence of the American home was still about them. In their simplicity they knew nothing of a new dispensation which made cheapness disreputable, and they still loved the cheap coats of Lincoln and Garfield, and hundreds of their countrymen whom they held in veneration. And thus these unsophisticated Americans, unconscious of their wrong-doing, demanded the redemption of party pledges and clamored for cheapness, in order that they might provide the necessities and comforts of life for themselves and their families at the lowest possible cost.

The leaders of the party, which was caught in the act of robbery, and which was arraigned by the people for a violation of its trust, were forced by their sad predicament to a desperate expedient. To attempt to reverse the current of true Americanism and discredit the most honorable sentiments belonging to American manhood, were the disgraceful tasks of those who insulted our people by the announcement of the doctrine that to desire cheapness was to love nastiness, and to practice economy and frugality was un-American.

Thus do we plainly see that when the path pointed out by patriotism and American citizenship is forsaken by a party in power, for schemes of selfishness and for unscrupulous conspiracies for partisan success, its course inevitably leads to unjust favoritism, neglect of the interests of the masses, entire perversion of the mission of republican institutions, and, in some form, to the most impudent and outrageous insult to true American sentiment.

It cannot be denied that political events in the past have gone far toward encouraging arrogant party assumption. Every thoughtful and patriotic man has at times been disappointed and depressed by the apparent indifference and demoralization of the people.

But such reflections have no place in the felicitations of to-night. This is a time when faith in our countrymen should be fully re-established. The noise of a recent political revolution is still heard throughout the land; the people have just demonstrated that there is a point beyond which they cannot be led by blind partisanship, and that they are quite competent to examine and correctly decide political questions concerning their rights and their welfare. They have unmercifully resented every attack upon true American manhood, and have taught party leaders that, though slow to anger, they take terrible revenge when betrayed. They permit us

[Continued on Fourth Page.]

BROWNING & CO.

CALL THE ATTENTION OF ECONOMICAL BUYERS TO

SOME SPECIAL OFFERINGS OF CHOICE DRY GOODS!

CLOAKS.

Twenty-five Newmarkets at \$3.50 and \$5.00, worth \$5.00 to \$10.00. Ladies' Jackets at \$2.50, \$3 and \$5; Plush Wraps at \$9.50; \$10, \$12.50, \$15 and \$20; handsomest assortment of Children's Cloaks in the city.

DRESS GOODS.

Double fold all Wool Tricot for 25c.; elegant thirty-six-inch Plaids 25c.; the finest line of all wool Plaids in the city at from 40c. to 85c.

CORSETS.

At 50c. we are showing a Corset in four different styles, usually sold at 75c.; our \$1 Corset for 75c., and a good Corset for 40c.; also a line of finer goods in all the well known makes.

Jeans at 15, 20 and 25c.; Extra all wool Flannel at 35 and 40c.

UNDERWEAR.

One hundred dozen Ladies' Ribbed Merino Vests, a rare bargain for 50c., only 38c.; Men's all wool Scarlet and Natural Wool Underwear at \$1, worth \$1.25; a full line of Underwear for Gentlemen, Ladies and Children, from the cheapest to the finest.

HOSIERY.

Heavy Ribbed Cotton Hose for Ladies and Children, guaranteed fast and stainless, 10c. per pair. Our Black Ethiopian Dye, in all grades, for Ladies and Children, has no equal in the market, Special.—Fifty dozen Misses' all wool Cashmere Hose at 12½c. per pair.

An elegant all wool Flannel Skirt, two and a half yards wide, for \$1.

Canton Flannels at 5, 7½, 8½ and 10c.; our 10c. Canton is equal to anything in the city at 12½c.

BLACK GOODS.

All wool Black Henrietta, forty inches wide, 45 and 50c.; forty-six-inch Henrietta at 75c. worth 90c. In handsomer goods, from 75c. to \$2, our stock is not equaled in the city.

KID GLOVES.

A complete line at \$1.00 and \$1.50, in Black and Colors. A big job—fifty dozen four-button Undressed Kid Gloves at 75c., worth \$1.

BED COMFORTS.

Bed Comforts at 75c., \$1 and \$1.50, in large sizes; a full line of White and Colored Blankets at \$1; \$1.50 and \$2, and up to the finest grades. A drive in 11 4 Red Blanket at \$1.95, worth \$2.50.

All wool Red Flannel 15, 20 and 25c.; extra all wool Twilled Flannel 25c.

Remember the Place, and if You Wish to Save Money Call and See Us.

BROWNING & CO.,

3 EAST SECOND STREET.

EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1890.

PAYNTER AND PATTISON.

Official Majorities in Ninth Kentucky and Eleventh Ohio Congressional Districts.

The official result of the late Congressional election in this district has at last been received. Paynter carried every county in the district except Lewis, and Bruce's majority there dwindled down to only 26.

Harrison County gave the banner majority, but Mason was close up, Bracken coming third and Nicholas fourth. Following is the official majority in each of the various counties:

PRECINCTS.	PAYNTER.	BRAKEEN.
Bath	288	28
Boyd	458	48
Bracken	608	60
Carter	154	15
Fleming	383	38
Lawrence	313	31
Lewis	26	26
Harrison	920	92
Mason	899	90
Nicholas	593	59
Robertson	268	27
Rowan	94	9
Greenup	341	34
Total	5271	28

This leaves Paynter's majority 5,245.

In the Eleventh Ohio district, the following are Mr. Pattison's official majorities as reported from the different counties:

Adams	980
Brown	930
Clermont	610
Pike	630
Total	3,150

Against this comes Loudon's 66 majority in Highland, leaving Mr. Pattison's majority at 3,084.

Falling Off.

The Georgetown (O.) News-Democrat says: "Footings completed at the Auditor's office show that the lands of Brown County, exclusive of buildings, are valued at \$4,976,161, and with buildings at \$15,945,971; city, town and village lots, exclusive of buildings, at \$233,274, and with buildings at \$910,274. This shows a decrease in the value of lands of \$610,845; of lots of \$136,075, making a total decrease in values of \$746,929 in ten years."

Entitled to the Best.

All are entitled to the best that their money will buy, so every family should have, at once, a bottle of the best family remedy, Syrup of Figs, to cleanse the system when costive or bilious. For sale in 50c. and \$1 bottles by leading druggists.

A Monument to Democracy.

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O.
W.
A.
OHIO.
TEXAS.
KANSAS.
INDIANA.
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FLORIDA.
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MISSOURI.
ARKANSAS.
COLORADO.
NEBRASKA.
KENTUCKY.
LOUISIANA.
NEW YORK.
DELAWARE.
WISCONSIN.
MICHIGAN.
MARYLAND.
TENNESSEE.
MINNESOTA.
MISSISSIPPI.
NEW MEXICO.
NEW JERSEY.
CONNECTICUT.
PENNSYLVANIA.
RHODE ISLAND.
WEST VIRGINIA.
MASSACHUSETTS.
SOUTH DAKOTA.
NEW HAMPSHIRE.
SOUTH CAROLINA.
NORTH CAROLINA.

TAX REFORM.

TAX REFORM, BALLOT REFORM.

The River.

Due up to-night: Telegraph for Pomeroy and Andes for Pittsburg. Down: Shirley and Hudson this evening and Boston to-night.

Captain E. P. Chancellor, late commander of the W. N. Chancellor, was elected a Democratic County Commissioner at Parkersburg, W. Va., at the recent election.

The Pittsburg line is doing a big freight business. Nearly every boat that passes this port is loaded to the guards. This is especially the case with those bound down.

The New Richmond Independent says: "The steamer Boston came down the other morning tearing the river open in an effort to beat the steamer Tacoma to our landing. All of which she didn't do, but she did make sad havoc with chains and cables that held the wharfboat and coal floats at the shore. She broke a whole net work of chains and cables at the wharfboat and at Talley's landing."

THE Third Massachusetts Congressional district was once decidedly Republican, but the Democratic tariff reformers have carried it three times now in succession.

TAKEN AT ITS TIDE.

There is no Other Section Where Success Can be More Easily Attained Than Virginia.

Apparently the big end of the Horn of Plenty is located in Virginia, and its fruits are being poured out along the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway. At least, the amount of money which has been made in real estate investments and industrial pursuits in the new cities along that thoroughfare indicates as much.

Excursion rates have been announced by the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway for the following towns to afford an opportunity of attaining the land sales:

Bessemer, Va., November 18th.

Buena Vista, Va., November 19th and 20th.

Suffolk, Va., November 19th.

Newport News, Va., November 20th.

Basic City, Va., December 3rd and 4th.

Excursion tickets will be on sale a day or so in advance of the dates.

Bessemer is a new candidate among the Virginias' great enterprises. It is located along the banks of James river, eighteen miles from Clifton Forge, at the junction of the new branch of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway, extending to New Castle and the wonderful Craig Valley iron lands. It is a significant fact that the Chesapeake and Ohio has invested a larger amount in the new city of Bessemer than any other town in Virginia, the amount aggregating \$85,000. This fact of itself is sufficient to insure success, and everyone who goes in at the start and procures property in Bessemer will have an opportunity of acquiring speedily and in a large degree.

In pointing to the future of Bessemer, the past history of Roanoke, Buchanan, Buena Vista, Glasgow, Basic, Staunton, Goshen and other industrial towns in Virginia may be cited as to wealth to be acquired by early investments. The town company has been but recently organized. So great was the demand upon its stock that the original holders were compelled, in order to satisfy their friends, to scale the amount they had intended to originally take, and while the company was scarcely organized, the fortunate subscribers to the stock were offered a premium of from 10 to 30 per cent. for their privilege. It will be one of the greatest towns along the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway, and immediately the company will commence the construction of bridges, streets, etc., which will in a short time place the town in advance of other and older places.

"The Martyr" To-night.

An appreciative audience greeted the Goldens at the opera house last night. "Our Bachelors" was well rendered. Harry Robinson as "Professor Bangle" was "immense" to use a common expression, and Miss Emma Butler as "Emma Clinton" filled the role to perfection. Mr. Golden as "Judge Jowler" was all that could be desired and other characters were in competent hands.

To-night will be given the great play "The Martyr." The play and the players are deserving of a full house. To-morrow afternoon the company will give a family matinee, commencing at 2 p. m. Send all the little folks.

Extraordinary Deaths.

Lely died of jealousy at the success of Sir Godfrey Knelley.

The Emperor Frederick III and his son, Maximilian I, both died from eating too heartily of melons.

NOTARIFF ON SHOES!

Why cry tariff! tariff! when there is no increase in the prices of BOOTS and SHOES at our house in any article, while indeed we have lowered the prices in many lines. Note below a few figures that are scarcely worthy the name of price. They merely indicate the prices that rule throughout our mammoth stock and endless varieties:

Men's Solid Stoga Boots, sizes 6 to 11, - - \$1.69

Boys' Solid Stoga Boots, sizes 1 to 6, - - 1.39

Youths' Solid Stoga Boots, sizes 11 to 13, - - 1.19

Youths' Solid Stoga Boots, sizes 11 to 13, - - 1.00

Men's Solid Oil Grain Boots, sizes 6 to 11, - 2.00

Men's Solid Genuine Hand-made, 6 to 11, - 2.25

Men's Solid 24-inch Leg do, sizes 6 to 11, - 2.00

Just think of it! We could go on indefinitely naming like prices throughout our immense stock, unequalled lines and incomparable values. Come and see us. We will save you money. We guarantee our qualities.

H. C. BARKLEY'S

SPOT CASH SHOE STORE.

McILVAIN, HUMPHREYS & BRAMEL,

(Sutton Street, Between Front and Second.)

DEALERS IN

FURNITURE,

UNDERTAKERS

and EMBALMERS.

We are constantly receiving the newest and latest styles of Furniture, and sell as cheap as any firm in the city. We have the most complete line of Undertakers' Supplies in Northern Kentucky—everything new and first-class. Our "Child's White Hearse" is the finest in the State.

Cases, Caskets, Metallics, and Burial Robes and Suits, adapted to all sizes and ages. Calls attended promptly day or night.

We have in our employ Mr. Geo. Griffin, of Cincinnati, O., who is an expert Embalmer and Funeral Director. Also Mr. John O'Mahony, formerly with Pearce & Ort, who will give his attention to the Furniture trade.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—The first floor of my residence on West Second street—dining room, kitchen, hot and cold water. Or will rent entire house.

MRS. E. S. RILEY.

FOR RENT—Frame residence with six rooms, on Bridge street. Apply to DAN. PERRINE at First National Bank.

n7d1w

Chrysanthemum Show.

We now have in our green house, in full bloom, one hundred and fifty varieties of Chrysanthemums, various colors. The public are respectfully invited to call and see our exhibition.

C. P. DIETERICH & BRO.

Administrator's Notice.

Parties having claims against the estate of the late D. A. Richardson are requested to present them properly to the undersigned for payment. All who are indebted to said deceased are notified to call and settle.

T17 THOS. A. KEITH, Administrator.

EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 13 1890

PUDDING—Calhoun's
TRY Cannon's Laundry. If
SMOKE the "Mountain Boy."
INSURE with W. R. Warder, Court street.
PURE Jersey sweet potatoes, at Hill & Co.'s. It
G. S. JUDD, insurance and collection agency.
Fancy red and yellow Jersey sweet potatoes at G. W. Geisel's. n14d2t

LEAVE your order for oysters, celery and crackers at Martin Bros'. ts

THE Kentucky Central pay car was here at evening on its monthly trip.

SEE those nice dressed chickens, turkeys and ducks, at Hill & Co.'s. It

ARE you insured? If not, call on Dudley & Baldwin and secure indemnity.

THE desirable residence of Mrs. S. C. Pearce on Wall street is for sale. Apply to her.

BENJAMIN LONGNECKER has sold and conveyed to J. W. Story a lot in Mayfield for \$500.

SMOKE "Nancy Hanks," "Phoenix" and "Prodigal" cigars—Geo. W. Childs' special brands. If

BUY your gun and ammunition of the Frank Owens Hardware Company. Breech-loaders at low prices.

THERE will be a donation party given to-night for the benefit of Mrs. Eva Reed at her home. Everybody invited.

BLANK deeds and mortgages—same forms used by County Clerk T. M. Pearce—for sale at the BULLETIN office. n14d3t.

NOW'S YOUR chance. Fancy bananas, 10 cents per dozen; sweet Florida oranges, 30 cents per dozen, at Hill & Co.'s. It

FOR SALE—Farm of 105 acres of land in Fleming County for \$1,000, on easy payments. Good house, orchard, barns &c. n14d3t. M. C. HUTCHINS, Agent.

MR. L. F. WALTHER, brother of Mr. Charles Walther, of this city, was re-elected Justice of the Peace at Higginsport a few days since by 204 majority.

IN the Circuit Court this morning, Messrs. Frank Clift, Allen Grover and R. B. Lovel were appointed commissioners to select the juries for next term.

FARMERS, if you want a sausage-grinder, a sausage-stuffer, a lard-press, or any butcher-knives, go to the Frank Owens Hardware Company's establishment. Large stock and low prices.

IN the County Court yesterday, W. W. Ball tendered his resignation as one of the Supervisors of Tax for the year 1891. The resolution was accepted and Charles H. White was appointed to fill the vacancy.

ELDER E. T. EDMONDS, of Carlisle, will preach at Christian Church next Sunday. He is a fine speaker. All are invited to hear him. Elder Lucas, pastor of the church, is at Carlisle, assisting in a protracted meeting.

MRS. S. J. DAUGHERTY desires to announce through the columns of the BULLETIN that she will still continue the marble works of the late S. J. Daugherty, deceased, under the personal supervision of Mr. M. R. Gilmore. It

THE pressure of the natural gas wells in Indiana and Ohio is diminishing steadily, the diminution having reached 40 per cent. in some cases. A Pennsylvania company, in order to prevent a waste, refuses to sell the gas except by metre—Exchange.

CAPTAIN M. C. HUTCHINS, agent for Mrs. Catharine Swisher, sold on yesterday to Thomas Neal, Esq., a house and lot on Short street for \$850. Mr. Hutchins also sold for C. H. Hitchell, Esq., the Bridge street property mentioned in a recent issue to Miss Mary Cummings for \$1,000, cash.

THE Convention of Southern Inter-State Delegates on Immigration meets at Asheville, N. C., December 17 and 18. The object is to encourage immigration to the South. Governor Buckner has appointed delegates from the various Congressional districts and State at large. Those from the Ninth district are Judge Garrett S. Wall, of this city, Colonel Wm. M. Moore, of Harrison County, and D. B. Logan, of Morehead. The delegates at large: Temple Bodley and Young E. Allison, of Louisville, James O'Hara, of Covington, Colonel John O. Hodges, of Lexington, Hon. John W. Caldwell, of Russellville, Hon. John M. Brooks, of Middlesborough, and T. H. Furyear, of Paducah.

A HORRIBLE DEATH.

Mr. H. E. Pogue, the Distiller, Caught in the Machinery at His Establishment

And His Life is Crushed Out—Particulars of the Terrible Accident.

Mr. Henry E. Pogue met with a horrible death about ten o'clock this morning.

He was caught in some of the machinery at the Pogue & Thomas distillery in the West End, and the next instant his life was crushed out.

Mr. Patrick Fox, who is employed about the establishment, saw him only a few minutes before the accident happened.

Mr. Fox was branding barrels in a car on the side track back of the buildings at the time. Some parties were standing about, when Mr. Pogue came along and requested them to keep out of Mr. Fox's way. He then went on into the building.

"It was only about three minutes afterwards," said Mr. Fox, "when Mr. Pogue's son Henry came running to me and said his father was dead."

No one witnessed the awful accident. It seems that Mr. Pogue, after leaving Mr. Fox, went into the building and up on the second floor. Here it is supposed he started to oil some of the machinery, or fix it.

While thus engaged his clothing was caught in a cog-wheel and an upright shaft, and the unfortunate man, caught in the relentless grasp of the machinery, was drawn in and wound about the shaft.

His body was crushed and mangled in a horrible manner. Nearly every bone from his chest down was broken and crushed, and one leg was almost torn from the body.

The miller discovered the body a minute or so later, and news of the accident soon reached this city.

Deceased was born in Lewis or Greenup County, and was sixty-five years of age. He was a member of the firm of Pogue & Thomas, distillers, and had been prominently identified with the business interests of Maysville for years.

His wife, who is a sister of J. James and Geo. T. Wood, survives him.

He leaves five children; all sons—J. F. and Providence Pogue, lawyers, of Cincinnati; Rev. J. Wood Pogue, of Atlanta, and H. E. Pogue, Jr., and Thomas Pogue, of this city.

AGAINST THE TRUST.

Kentucky Tobacco Growers Are Opposed to the Louisville-Cincinnati Combine.

Resolutions Adopted by the State Convention at Lexington. Other Business.

The State meeting of the tobacco growers of Kentucky held at Lexington this week organized by electing Hon. John D. Harris, of Madison County, Chairman, and M. W. Neal, of Louisville, and D. C. Lisle, of Clark County, Secretaries. Seventy-one counties were represented, and each county was allowed one vote.

The warehousemen of Louisville and Cincinnati were on hand in force, but they were excluded from the deliberations of the meeting.

The Committee on Resolutions consisted of the following: Colonel W. E. Simms, Bourboa; B. A. Treacy, Clark; John Bruce, Henry; J. M. Thomas, Bourbon; A. H. Carden, Crittenden; W. W. Gill, Logan; J. T. Howard, Graves; John S. Williams, Montgomery; W. L. Scott, Shelby; S. B. Erwin, Warren; M. L. Barlow, Carroll; John B. Holton, Mason; John Blair, Nicholas; A. C. Warner, Bracken; J. S. Bau, Fleming.

The resolutions are as follows:

"WHEREAS, The crop of tobacco raised annually in this and adjoining States is one of great value to the country, adding largely to its wealth and commercial prosperity; and

"WHEREAS, The class of laborers engaged in the cultivation of this crop are generally men of small means and who rely exclusively upon the profits of this crop for their support and the support of their families; and

"WHEREAS, The price at which tobacco has been selling in the markets is less than the actual cost of its production, thereby taking from the laborer his principal means of support and reducing his family in many cases to actual want; and

"WHEREAS, In the opinion of the tobacco

growers of this State this condition of things has been brought about by excessive exactions, charges and combinations on the part of warehousemen, and

"WHEREAS, The tobacco growers of this State are unwilling to submit longer to these exactions and wrong, and are determined to cut loose from all such associations and combinations, and sell their own tobacco in their own warehouses by their own agent at such places and under such regulations as they may deem just and proper; therefore, be it

"Resolved, That we establish a permanent organization of the tobacco growers of the State to be called the Kentucky Tobacco Growers' Association, for the purpose of co-operation in the sale of the tobacco product of the State, and that we at once subscribe for and take stock in such an association to be formed under the General Statutes, the shares of which shall be \$10, not to be limited to the tobacco growers; the capital stock to be \$1,000,000, with the right to organize upon the subscription of \$1,000; each shareholder to be entitled to one vote for each share of stock; no one person to hold more than forty shares, or \$1,000 of said stock.

"That the general officers of said company shall be a President, Secretary and Treasurer, with such number of Vice Presidents and other officers as may be deemed necessary by the board of management.

"The Board of Directors shall consist of eleven members, in addition to the President, to be elected by the stockholders, to be so distributed over the State that all sections may be represented, and no two Directors shall be elected from one county, and provided in every event that seven of said Directors shall be tobacco growers.

"The purpose of this business of this company shall be to establish or select warehouses convenient to the growers of the crop at a number of points to be determined by the Directors. The Board shall have power to conduct a warehouse business on the co-operative plan.

"That the President of the convention is authorized, with such committees as he may appoint, with sub-committees for each county, to solicit subscriptions in the tobacco growing districts of the State to the capital stock of this association, and that all growers of tobacco shall have the right and are invited to take stock in the association and share in its profits.

"That the President of this convention be authorized at once to appoint a special committee of five to draft a charter for this organization.

"That the present holders and growers of tobacco are urged not to push or sell their present crop of tobacco at prevailing low prices, it being the sense of this meeting that that ruling price now is not fairly remunerative to the growers.

"We further recommend that the quantity of tobacco to be raised next year be reduced in amount and improved in quality.

"We also condemn all false packing, believing it to be to the injury of the grower.

"That we invite the co-operation of the tobacco growers of adjoining States in this movement. W. E. SIMMS, Chairman.

J. B. HOLTON, Secretary

Committees and sub-committees were appointed in each tobacco-growing county to solicit subscriptions of stock to the association for the purpose of building warehouses. These committees will report at the Louisville meeting.

The Secretary was instructed to send copies of the proceedings to the County Judges of Brown, Clermont and Adams counties, Ohio, and request them to call a convention of the tobacco growers of those counties, to meet and elect delegates to attend the Louisville convention in December. The convention then adjourned, to meet in Louisville, Dec. 9th.

Here and There.

Miss Alma Osborne is a guest of Mrs. Dr. J. M. Fraze.

Mrs. Fannie B. Collins has returned from a visit to friends in Ohio.

THE vote at the M. E. Church, Third street, last evening resulted in a majority of ten in favor of allowing women to serve as delegates to the General Conference. Only twenty-four votes were cast.

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ALLEN G. THURMAN.

[Continued From First Page.]

to forgive our honored guest for all the cheap coats he has ever worn, for they have declared them in fashion. They have also decreed that the Decalogue has a place in our politics, for they have enforced the command "Thou shalt not steal," and have rendered an emphatic verdict against those who have borne false witness.

Nothing could so well accompany the honors we pay our distinguished guest as the celebration on his birthday of the victory which has just been achieved in vindication of American citizenship—for in him we honor the man who has best illustrated true American manhood. Our rejoicing and his are increased, as we also celebrate to-night the triumph of the Democratic principle for which he fought and fell but two short years ago; and to complete our joy and his we are permitted to indulge in true Democratic enthusiasm over the steadfastness and devotion to its creed exhibited by our party, which knowing no discouragement, has fought to victory in the people's cause.

Who can now doubt our countrymen's appreciation of that trait, so well illustrated in the character of Allen G. Thurman, which prompted him throughout his long career, at all times and in all circumstances, and without regard to personal consequences, to do the things which his conscience and judgment approved, and which seemed to him to be in the interests of his country, and in accordance with his Democratic faith? Who can now doubt that conscience and courage point out the way to public duty?

If we entertain more solemn thoughts on this occasion, let them be concerning the responsibility which awaits us as our fellow countrymen place in our keeping their hopes and their trust. We shall fail in our obligation to them if we stifle conscience and duty by ignoble partisanship; but we shall meet every patriotic expectation if, in all we do, we follow the guidance of true and honest Democracy, illuminated by the light of genuine American citizenship.

Other toasts were responded to by Senator McDonald, Gen. Thomas Ewing, Hon. W. C. P. Breckinridge, Hon. Don M. Dickinson and others.

The absence of Henry Watterson, who was to have responded to a toast, was due to the fact that the theme he selected conflicted with the one assigned Mr. Dickinson. He therefore withdrew his acceptance.

PANIC PAST.

The Excitement on Wall Street Almost Entirely Died Out.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—The stock market opened excited and weak. North American opened 2½ points lower at 10 and on enormous sales declined to 8 and then rallied to 13 and again reacted to 12. The general list showed on the opening a decline of from ½ to 2½ per cent.

The weakness of the market, while mainly due to the raid on North American, was assisted by the decline in American securities on the London Exchange.

The market then became comparatively quiet and the general list after a fractional decline from the opening recovered. The lowest point touched by North American was seven.

The tone of the market then became firm and strong and steadily advanced in prices. At 11 o'clock the market was active and strong at the highest figures of the hour.

The active business was sustained in the stock market after 11 o'clock, but the high prices of the first hour were not surpassed, and a declining tendency was developed. Only a portion of the early advance was lost, however, though Northern Pacific preferred declined 14 to 62; Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis, 1 to 62; North American, 2 to 10.

The Villards were most active but Reading, St. Paul and the other grangers were still prominent in the dealings which did not reach the totals of the past few days. The downward movement made further progress in the Villards later in the hour and North American retired to 9, but the general list was fairly well held and at closing the market was active and steady generally at small fractions better than the opening prices.

The North River bank did not open its doors and resume business at 10 o'clock yesterday, as some one expected it would. To a reporter the cashier said that although the bank officials felt sure it would pull through all right, it could not resume business for several days to come. Assistant State Bank Examiner Cahill says he will soon have a statement of the bank's affairs ready.

An Editor Absconds.

ROCHESTER, Ind., Nov. 14.—Lawson M. Noyer, for several years editor of The Akron Eagle, at Akron, Ind., and for the past year postmaster at the village, has absconded after having defrauded numerous individuals. Noyer was for three years editor and publisher of The Rochester Republican, and while running that paper he became involved and attempted to get out of his financial straits by raising money on forged notes. He has continued his crookedness ever since, attempting to cover his work, in which he succeeded until a few days ago. Already over \$8,000 in forged paper has come to the surface. It is also charged that he was guilty of tampering with the mails.

O'Sullivan Has Not Squealed.

JOLIET, Ill., Nov. 14.—There is no truth in the report that O'Sullivan has confessed that he enticed Dr. Cronin to his death. Warden Berggren, of Joliet penitentiary, said: "O'Sullivan could not possibly have made a confession or been interviewed by anyone without my knowledge. He is working along quietly, behaving himself, doing his work, both ering nobody and there has not been a suspicion of a squeal from him."

TICKET OFFICE BROKEN INTO.

FINDLAY, O., Nov. 14.—At 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon, during the absence of the agent of the Cincinnati, Sandusky and Cleveland railway, two burglars broke into the ticket office through the ladies waiting room of the depot and blew open the safe. Just as they were about to lay their hands on \$300 in the cash drawer, the agent returned and the burglars fled. The agent followed and captured one of them, the other making his escape.

THROUGH A TRESTLE.

Three Persons Killed and a Large Number Injured.

SALEM, Ore., Nov. 14.—Shortly after 8:30 o'clock Wednesday night the Overland Southern Pacific passenger train southbound went through the north end of a long trestle over Lake Labish about five miles from Salem. The trestle must have given way as soon as the engine struck it, and the train and trestle all went down together. The engine was overturned and half buried in the mud, and following this were the tender, mail, baggage and express cars, smoking car and tourist sleeper. All were broken to pieces.

Engineer John McFadden, Fireman Tim. Neal and an unknown man were killed.

Following are among the injured: Capt. Jack Crawford, the poet scout, bruised; Samuel Anson, of New York city, side and back sprained; Mrs. T. C. Beery and May and Nellie Boyle, of Missoula, Mont.; Wilson Berry, of North Dakota, injured about the throat; C. M. Barrow, of Ellsworth, Kan., back sprained; Fred Waite, of Ellsworth, Kan., sprained, and it is thought received internal injuries; Dr. Hammel and wife, of Philadelphia, both injured about the spine, (they were returning from a trip around the world); J. L. Kimberlee, of Neenah, Wis., back hurt; C. Griebel, a traveler for the Val. Blatz Brewing company, of Milwaukee; G. G. Newham, of Pleasant Forks, Canada, painfully injured about the throat; James McGarry, United States marshal of Salt Lake, Utah, nose broken, leg probably broken and badly injured internally, and it is feared he will die.

The train carried over one hundred persons, nearly all of whom were more or less injured.

The total number of deaths from the accident will probably reach as high as ten, as many have sustained what it is feared will prove serious internal injuries. The body of a tramp was taken out of the wreck, making four dead recovered. Fires were built along either side of the train to keep the wounded warm who had been removed from the wreck and to light the way of the workers who had hastened to the rescue from this city and vicinity.

To Farmers and Investors.

Having lived the greater part of my life in Mason County, and being now located in North Alabama, I have observed the cheapness of good farm lands in Alabama. I have secured the sales of several good farms, ranging in size from 100 acres to 840 acres in a body. These lands will produce anything that grows in this climate and are well watered and healthy. I will be in Maysville on November 18th and 19th, and will be glad to see anyone who wishes to buy lands in North Alabama or who wishes to learn more of that section of country. Good time given to purchasers. Find me at Zech's saddlery shop, Market street, on the 18th and 19th.

12:55 P.M. WM. R. ZECH.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

FOR MAYOR—We are authorized to announce T. W. WHEATEY as a candidate for Mayor at the city election in January, 1891.

FOR MAYOR—We are authorized to announce E. E. PEARCE, JR., as a candidate for re-election to the office of Mayor of the city of Maysville at the January election, 1891.

FOR MAYOR—We are authorized to announce E. W. FITZGERALD as a candidate for Mayor of the city of Maysville at the January election, 1891.

FOR CITY MARSHAL—We are authorized to announce JOHN P. WALLACE as a candidate for City Marshal at the January election, 1891.

FOR CITY MARSHAL—We are authorized to announce JAMES HEFLIN as a candidate for re-election to the office of City Marshal at the January election, 1891.

FOR COLLECTOR AND TREASURER—We are authorized to announce R. A. COCHRAN, JR., as a candidate for re-election to the office of Collector and Treasurer at the January election, 1891.

FOR CITY CLERK—We are authorized to announce O. E. COLLINS as a candidate for City Clerk at the January election, 1891.

FOR CITY CLERK—We are authorized to announce MARTIN A. O'HARE as a candidate for re-election to the office of City Clerk, January election, 1891.

FOR COUNCILMAN—We are authorized to announce ROBERT FICKLIN as a candidate for Councilman from Fourth ward at the January election, 1891.

FOR CITY ASSESSOR—We are authorized to announce ALBERT N. HUFF as a candidate for re-election to the office of City Assessor at the ensuing January election.

WANTED.

WANTED—A second-hand hand-power elevator. Apply to L. N. FOSTER, Market street. 1144.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Two large stoves, twenty-six pews with cushions, all in good order. Apply to WM. WORMALD. 806.

FOUND.

FOUND—At the postoffice a door-key, with small ring attached. Call at BULLETIN office.

OPERA HOUSE,

Friday and Saturday,
Nov. 14, 15.

The COLDENS

And their superior Dramatic Company, supports Silver Band and Orchestra, the best that has ever appeared in this city, each member being selected for their personal worth and professional ability. A mammoth company of twenty persons, presenting new and popular plays by popular players.

This evening will be presented the Great Emotional Drama, in five acts, by D'Ennery, author of "Two Orphans," translated from the French by J. H. Ligon, and entitled:

"THE MARTYR."

Prices of Admission, 25, 35 and 50¢. Reserved seats on sale at Harry Taylor's. Grand Matinee Saturday at 2 p.m.

Prices of Admission, 25, 35 and 50¢. Reserved seats on sale at Harry Taylor's. Grand Matinee Saturday at 2 p.m.

New Dress Goods JUST ARRIVED.

We respectfully call the attention of our friends and patrons to the fact that, having had a great run on these goods, we now offer a second arrival of some of them, and others which are leaders and most fashionable this season. Also a great variety of DRESS TRIMMINGS, black and colored ornamented Gimp, Silver Braids with Tinsel effects; choice lot of fancy Metal Buttons; Dress Buckles.

CORSETS.

We have all the favorites, of the best quality and make, which give the most comfort, ease and best fit, in all sizes.

BEST KID GLOVES for all purposes.

Ladies' and Children's Underwear, in light and heavy weight, of the most popular and best fabrics, which come highly recommended, and a mortal enemy to "la grippe."

Ladies' and Children's Hose of the very best, in all desirable colors, and stainless.

PLUSH CLOAKS.

More of those Brilliant Plush Cloaks. Fur Capes, which created a flurry a few days ago, still "hold the fort," and the ladies say they have seen none to compete with them. Also plain Cloth Cloaks, Wraps and Newmarkets in all sizes.

A full line of Domestics, Flannels in all grades, light and heavy weight.

Best Underwear for Men and Boys.

CARPETS.

Brussels, Tapestry, Body Brussels and other grades. Remnants of Brussels and Wool Carpets, in short lengths, in three, five, ten and twenty yards, which we are selling at cost. These goods will be much higher very soon, owing to the McKinley Tariff Bill, and they are now going off fast. Oil Cloths in all widths; also Linoleum Oil Cloth.

SHAWLS.

Black Cashmere Shawls, very fine, and a variety of others, in all desirable colors and styles, which are now often called for. We have a large and general assortment of goods, which will meet the wants of the people.

BLANKETS AND COMFORTS.

An immense stock, all sizes, which give the warmth of May or June.

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